

2026年度 高崎経済大学 経済学部
学校推薦型選抜 問題訂正

【英語】

訂正箇所	問題1 3ページ 下から4行目
誤	(bbc. com…)
正	(<u>出典</u> : bbc. com…)

訂正箇所	問題2 7ページ 上から9行目
誤	<u>M</u> BA
正	<u>N</u> BA

経済学部

学校推薦型選抜問題 (英語)

2025 年 11 月 23 日(日)

(11 : 00 ~ 12 : 00)

注 意 事 項

1. 試験開始の合図があるまで、問題冊子の中を見てはいけません。
2. 問題冊子は 16 ページ、解答用紙は 2 枚あります。
3. 答案作成にあたっては、注意事項を必ず読んでください。
4. 試験中に問題冊子の印刷不鮮明、ページの落丁・乱丁及び解答用紙の汚れ等に気付いた場合は、手を挙げて試験監督者に知らせてください。
5. 解答には筆記用具、消しゴム以外のものを使用してはいけません。
6. 解答用紙の※印欄には、何も記入してはいけません。
7. 問題冊子は持ち帰ってください。

問題 1 以下の英文を読んで、次の問いに答えなさい。（*のついた語には語注がある。）

著作権の都合により非公開

著作権の都合により非公開

(bbc.com/storyworks/a-year-of-great-events/up-helly-aa 一部改変)

語注

lineage : 家系, 一族

longship : (中世の) 船の一種

torchbearer : たいまつ持ち

satirical : 風刺的な

1. Choose the most appropriate word or phrase from options ア～エ to complete the missing text (1) through (3) in the passage.

(1) ア brings

イ endures

ウ sustains

エ takes

(2) ア which

イ whom

ウ where

エ when

(3) ア allow

イ disturb

ウ invest

エ replace

2. Choose the most appropriate word from options ア～エ which has the closest meaning to retain.

(A)

ア maintain

イ obtain

ウ define

エ combine

3. What does the underlined word Norse refer to? Choose the most appropriate word from options ア～エ.

(B)

ア tradition

イ people

ウ language

エ county

4. Fill in the blank with a word that is used in the text to complete the following sentence. The word you choose must have almost the same meaning as the double underlined words in the sentence This year's festival takes place on Tuesday 30 January. (C)

This year's festival is () on Tuesday 30 January.

5. Which of the following usage of “figure” from ア～エ has the closest meaning to the underlined word figure? (D)

ア The results were given in the following figure.

イ She became a leading figure of her time.

ウ Last year, the official figure rose to 2 million.

エ She said that she saw a figure in the dark.

6. Rewrite the underlined phrase Weather permitting, into a clause beginning with “If the”. (Two words required.) (E)

If the () (),

7. What is the purpose of the first two paragraphs? Choose the most appropriate one from options ア～エ.

ア Showing how cold it will be in winter.

イ Revealing how long the islands are.

ウ Proving how far the islands are from Scotland.

エ Indicating where the islands are situated.

8. According to the passage, what happens on the evening of the festival day?

Choose the most appropriate sentence from options ア～エ.

- ア The crowds gather up torches on the main street.
- イ Teams of costumed participants take part in the festival.
- ウ A group of tourists starts marching along the street.
- エ Men dressed in costumes compete with each other for helmets and shields.

9. What can be inferred from the section, "Visiting Shetland"? Choose the most appropriate sentence from options ア～エ.

- ア The use of natural resources is growing on the islands.
- イ The festival used to be a crucial source of tourism.
- ウ Wild animals often miss out on looking around the islands.
- エ The islands offer natural tourist attractions.

10. According to the passage, which statements are true? Choose two options.

- ア *Up Helly Aa* is Europe's biggest festival.
- イ The Jarl pulls the longship during the march.
- ウ The spectators are expected to wear costumes from the past.
- エ Shetland Islands host *Up Helly Aa* once every year.
- オ The torchbearers keep the ship burning all night.
- カ In the festival the people of the islands celebrate their heritage.
- キ People sing songs while they burn the longship as a highlight of the festival.

問題 2 以下の英文を読んで、次の問いに答えなさい。（*のついた語には語注がある。）

“Manifestation” is the idea that you can ^(A) (into, turn, by, your thoughts, reality, focusing) on what you want. At first, I thought this was just for dreamers — people who had big imaginations but couldn’t get real results. Then I noticed it getting more popular among celebrities and sports stars. Celebrities like Oprah Winfrey and athletes like Conor McGregor talk about picturing success before it happens. It seemed strange to me — how could thinking make things real? But it’s not so strange to me (1).

I’ve seen sports stars use manifestation in the heat of battle. LeBron James often closes his eyes before an NBA game, imagining every move he’ll make, while pro golfer Tiger Woods once said he visualizes every shot before swinging. I knew this because I’ve read about it, but I still (2) that it worked. To me, their success came from practice, not mind tricks. I thought it was just talk — something to sound inspiring, not something that leads to ^(B) outcomes.

My thinking completely shifted after listening to a podcast with neuroscientist James Doty, who explained the science (3) manifestation. He said that when you focus on a goal, your brain builds new paths — connections between nerve cells. This is called neuroplasticity. When you picture success clearly, your brain starts to believe it’s possible. It’s not magic; it’s a physical process. Your mind gets ready to act, even if this happens only in the subconscious* mind. This explanation made sense to my logical, yet skeptical* approach to all things spiritual — suddenly, manifestation wasn’t just for dreamers; it was a tool (4) could use.

Here’s C you can try it. First, think about what success or your

語注

odds 見込み

flyer : チラシ

feral 野生化した

1. Choose the most appropriate word or phrase from options ア～エ which has the closest meaning to (A) and (B) in the passage.

(A) **hanging on by a thread**

- ア in a very dangerous situation, possibly close to extinction
- イ in a worrying situation where one thread could save them
- ウ some pests make webs like spiders to hang from
- エ some species are seriously ill and very likely to die soon

- ア exciting
- イ eye-catching
- ウ stomach damaging
- エ very unpleasant

2. Choose the most appropriate phrase or sentence from options ア～エ which best answers the question or completes the sentence.

(1) Where did Valerie go missing?

- ア In a busy holiday resort
- イ In a quiet, wild place on Kangaroo Island
- ウ In a remote part of Western Australia
- エ In Kangala Wildlife Park

(2) How long was Valerie running free?

- ア About a year and a half
- イ Almost two years
- ウ Thirteen months and 23 days
- エ Three years

(3) What was so special about Valerie's disappearance that it gained attention?

- ア Her owners posted flyers all over Australia.
- イ She belonged to the famous celebrities, Georgia Gardner and Josh Fishlock.
- ウ She went missing in a remote area and survived an unusually long time.
- エ Valerie wrote a special article for *The Guardian Australia*.

(4) What was the first major clue that Valerie was still alive?

- ア An unclear photograph of her was found on a camera.
- イ Gardner and Fishlock reported her to Kangala Wildlife Rescue.
- ウ Valerie recognised Gardner immediately and licked her face.
- エ Volunteers found paw prints in the bushland.

(5) Volunteers lured Valerie into a trap by _____.

- ア giving her the choice of a humane or deadly trap
- イ simply using her favorite food
- ウ playing recordings of her owners' voices
- エ using clothes that had her owners' scent on them

(6) After being rescued, Valerie _____.

- ア could not breathe, and her knotted fur had to be washed
- イ knew who her owners were and licked one of their faces
- ウ recognized her owners and escaped into the wild again
- エ was seen as threat to all endangered species

(7) Before she was caught, some people talked about _____.

- ア killing her to protect wild animals
- イ letting her live in the wild
- ウ Valerie as a story with a happy ending
- エ Valerie's worn nails and weight loss

(8) After Valerie was rescued, a check-up showed that she _____.

- ア had become wild and learned how to avoid traps
- イ hadn't hurt the local plants nor the animals
- ウ was dangerous and a threat to wildlife
- エ was very dirty and physically sick

(9) Valerie's survival was especially surprising to experts and the public because she _____.

- ア had been declared 'a feral pest' and should have been killed to protect wildlife
- イ survived without help on an isolated island for over a year
- ウ was caught on camera multiple times looking for her owners
- エ was only a puppy and had no prior survival training

1. The first step is to identify the problem.

2. The second step is to define the problem.

3. The third step is to analyze the problem.

4. The fourth step is to develop a solution.

5. The fifth step is to implement the solution.

6. The sixth step is to evaluate the solution.

7. The seventh step is to monitor the solution.

8. The eighth step is to report the results.

9. The ninth step is to conclude the project.

10. The tenth step is to reflect on the experience.

11. The eleventh step is to share the results.

12. The twelfth step is to celebrate the success.

13. The thirteenth step is to learn from the experience.

14. The fourteenth step is to apply the lessons learned.